

ARIZON  
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

DP03

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009

2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

**Geography: Los Ranchos de Albuquerque village, New Mexico**

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	4,427	+/-295	4,427	(X)
In labor force	2,915	+/-264	65.8%	+/-4.8
Civilian labor force	2,915	+/-264	65.8%	+/-4.8
Employed	2,726	+/-259	61.6%	+/-4.9
Unemployed	189	+/-109	4.3%	+/-2.5
Armed Forces	0	+/-127	0.0%	+/-0.8
Not in labor force	1,512	+/-248	34.2%	+/-4.8
Civilian labor force	2,915	+/-264	2,915	(X)
Percent Unemployed	6.5%	+/-3.7	(X)	(X)
Females 16 years and over	2,471	+/-260	2,471	(X)
In labor force	1,573	+/-270	63.7%	+/-7.0
Civilian labor force	1,573	+/-270	63.7%	+/-7.0
Employed	1,474	+/-250	59.7%	+/-7.1
Own children under 6 years	313	+/-144	313	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	193	+/-118	61.7%	+/-29.1
Own children 6 to 17 years	983	+/-209	983	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	735	+/-209	74.8%	+/-19.0
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	2,595	+/-247	2,595	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	1,642	+/-272	63.3%	+/-10.1
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	455	+/-217	17.5%	+/-7.8
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	87	+/-85	3.4%	+/-3.3
Walked	125	+/-91	4.8%	+/-3.4
Other means	67	+/-63	2.6%	+/-2.4
Worked at home	219	+/-113	8.4%	+/-4.3
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.5	+/-2.1	(X)	(X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,726	+/-259	2,726	(X)
Management, professional, and related occupations	1,350	+/-214	49.5%	+/-7.5
Service occupations	495	+/-196	18.2%	+/-6.9
Sales and office occupations	552	+/-178	20.2%	+/-6.1
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	0	+/-127	0.0%	+/-1.4
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	152	+/-90	5.6%	+/-3.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	177	+/-97	6.5%	+/-3.4
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,726	+/-259	2,726	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	0	+/-127	0.0%	+/-1.4
Construction	225	+/-104	8.3%	+/-3.9
Manufacturing	97	+/-69	3.6%	+/-2.5

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Wholesale trade	35	+/-35	1.3%	+/-1.3
Retail trade	294	+/-143	10.8%	+/-5.1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	65	+/-49	2.4%	+/-1.8
Information	31	+/-30	1.1%	+/-1.1
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	108	+/-73	4.0%	+/-2.7
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	533	+/-203	19.6%	+/-6.8
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	736	+/-185	27.0%	+/-7.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	337	+/-137	12.4%	+/-4.6
Other services, except public administration	178	+/-111	6.5%	+/-4.1
Public administration	87	+/-67	3.2%	+/-2.4
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	2,726	+/-259	2,726	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	2,042	+/-290	74.9%	+/-6.6
Government workers	384	+/-143	14.1%	+/-5.1
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	300	+/-149	11.0%	+/-5.6
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-127	0.0%	+/-1.4
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	2,420	+/-201	2,420	(X)
Less than \$10,000	177	+/-124	7.3%	+/-5.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999	253	+/-204	10.5%	+/-8.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999	296	+/-119	12.2%	+/-4.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	286	+/-129	11.8%	+/-5.2
\$35,000 to \$49,999	227	+/-92	9.4%	+/-3.9
\$50,000 to \$74,999	245	+/-107	10.1%	+/-4.3
\$75,000 to \$99,999	227	+/-98	9.4%	+/-4.1
\$100,000 to \$149,999	284	+/-106	11.7%	+/-4.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	145	+/-89	6.0%	+/-3.7
\$200,000 or more	280	+/-90	11.6%	+/-3.9
Median household income (dollars)	46,800	+/-13,269	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	96,051	+/-17,912	(X)	(X)
With earnings	1,971	+/-184	81.4%	+/-4.1
Mean earnings (dollars)	93,203	+/-19,561	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	595	+/-134	24.6%	+/-5.0
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,684	+/-1,559	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	418	+/-120	17.3%	+/-4.7
Mean retirement income (dollars)	55,405	+/-51,924	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	75	+/-55	3.1%	+/-2.3
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,601	+/-3,675	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	28	+/-31	1.2%	+/-1.3
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,093	+/-161	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	175	+/-91	7.2%	+/-3.7
Families	1,476	+/-114	1,476	(X)
Less than \$10,000	82	+/-81	5.6%	+/-5.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	112	+/-101	7.6%	+/-6.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999	145	+/-94	9.8%	+/-6.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	42	+/-36	2.8%	+/-2.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999	150	+/-80	10.2%	+/-5.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	126	+/-74	8.5%	+/-5.1
\$75,000 to \$99,999	188	+/-92	12.7%	+/-6.1
\$100,000 to \$149,999	236	+/-84	16.0%	+/-5.4
\$150,000 to \$199,999	125	+/-86	8.5%	+/-5.8
\$200,000 or more	270	+/-89	18.3%	+/-6.0
Median family income (dollars)	91,071	+/-24,575	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	129,983	+/-25,760	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	41,832	+/-7,635	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	944	+/-223	944	(X)

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Median nonfamily income (dollars)	25,417	+/-5,578	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	40,335	+/-11,261	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	28,307	+/-5,375	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	84,554	+/-17,849	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	36,125	+/-13,384	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	17.0%	+/-8.4	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	29.0%	+/-15.3	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-67.9	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	1.5%	+/-2.4	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	3.7%	+/-5.9	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	0.0%	+/-67.9	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	70.8%	+/-18.1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	78.4%	+/-18.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	-	**	(X)	(X)
All people	17.3%	+/-7.7	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	27.3%	+/-15.5	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	27.3%	+/-15.5	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	44.9%	+/-30.7	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	23.6%	+/-16.0	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	14.2%	+/-5.8	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	16.3%	+/-6.3	(X)	(X)
65 years and over	6.8%	+/-9.0	(X)	(X)
People in families	17.5%	+/-9.2	(X)	(X)
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	16.2%	+/-10.3	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

Â-Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Â-Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Â-Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.

Â-Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Â-Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

Â-Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see [http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage\\_edits\\_final.pdf](http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf) for more details.

Â-While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Â- Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.